

CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit

Base Catalog # D-1006

PLEASE READ THIS ENTIRE USER GUIDE BEFORE USE

Uses: The CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit is designed for screening inhibitors of SARS-CoV-2-specific proprotein convertase (PC) such as furin and other serine proteases that may also target the PC cleavage motif in SARS-CoV-2 in a fast and high throughput format.

Input Material: Input materials can be small molecule compounds and other biological molecules that inhibit or interfere with the PC cleavage of SARS-CoV-2.

Internal Control: A serine protease as the cleavage enzyme control is provided to determine if the kit works properly. Because inhibition of SARS-CoV-2-specific PCs can vary with different inhibitors, it is advised to run replicate samples to ensure that the signal generated is validated.

Precautions: To avoid cross-contamination, carefully pipette the sample or solution into the strip wells. Use aerosol-barrier pipette tips and always change pipette tips between liquid transfers. Wear gloves throughout the entire procedure. In case of contact between gloves and sample, change gloves immediately.



KIT CONTENTS

Component	48 Assays Cat. #D-1006-48	96 Assays Cat. #D-1006-96	Storage Upon Receipt
WB (10X Wash Buffer)	14 ml	28 ml	4°C
SBS (Substrate Binding Solution)	4 ml	8 ml	4°C
PAB (PC Assay Buffer)	6 ml	12 ml	RT
CS (Cleavage Substrate, 50 μg/ml)*	50 µl	100 μΙ	–20°C
PCE (Positive Control Enzyme, 100 μg/ml)*	5 μΙ	10 μΙ	–20°C
CDS (Cleavage Detection Solution, 2000X)*	4 μΙ	8 µl	–20°C
DS (Developer Solution)	5 ml	10 ml	4°C
SS (Stop Solution)	5 ml	10 ml	RT
8-Well Assay Strips (With Frame)	6	12	4°C

^{*}Spin the solution down to the bottom prior to use.

SHIPPING & STORAGE

The kit is shipped in two parts: the first part at ambient room temperature and the second part on frozen ice packs at 4°C.

Upon receipt: (1) Store **CS**, **PCE** and **CDS** at –20°C away from light; (2) Store **WB**, **SBS**, **DS** and **8-well assay strips** at 4°C away from light; (3) Store all remaining components (**PAB** and **SS**) at room temperature away from light.

All components of the kit are stable for 6 months from the date of shipment, when stored properly.

Note: (1) Check if **WB** (10X Wash Buffer) contains salt precipitates before use. If so, warm (at room temperature or 37°C) and shake the buffer until the salts are re-dissolved; and (2) transfer the amount of **DS** (Developer Solution) required into a secondary container (tube or vial) before adding **DS** into the assay wells in order to avoid contamination. Check if a blue color is present in **DS** before each use, as this would indicate contamination of the solution and should not be used.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Adjustable pipette or multiple-channel pipette
Multiple-channel pipette reservoirs
Aerosol resistant pipette tips
Microplate reader capable of reading absorbance at 450 nm
1.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes
Incubator for 37°C incubation
Distilled water
PCs or proteases of interest
Inhibitor of interest
Parafilm M or aluminium foil



GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION

Quality Control: Each lot of this product is tested against predetermined specifications to ensure consistent product quality. EpigenTek guarantees the performance of all products in the manner described in our product instructions.

Product Warranty: If this product does not meet your expectations, simply contact our technical support unit or your regional distributor. We also encourage you to contact us if you have any suggestions about product performance or new applications and techniques.

Safety: Suitable lab coat, disposable gloves, and proper eye protection are required when working with this product.

Product Updates: EpigenTek reserves the right to change or modify any product to enhance its performance and design. The information in this User Guide is subject to change at any time without notice. Be sure to use the latest User Guide for this kit which can be accessed online at www.epigentek.com/datasheet.

Usage Limitation: This product is for research use only and is not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic application.

Intellectual Property: This product and methods of use contain proprietary technologies by EpigenTek.

A BRIEF OVERVIEW

COVID-19 is an infectious disease caused by SARS-CoV-2, a new member of the same coronavirus family that caused SARS and MERS. It was found that the SARS-CoV-2 spike glycoprotein harbors a furin/PC cleavage site at the boundary between the S_1/S_2 subunits, which could be cleaved by furin and/or furin-like PCs secreted from host cells and bacteria in the airway epithelium [1, 2]. Unlike SARS-CoV, cell entry of SARS-CoV-2 is preactivated by furin and/or furin-like PCs, reducing its dependence on target cell proteases for entry [3]. The cleavage activation of S-protein is well demonstrated to be essential for SARS-CoV-2 spike-mediated viral binding to ACE2, cell-cell fusion, and viral entry into human lung cells [4, 5]. It was also observed that other viruses containing a furin/PC cleavage site, such as H5N1, increased replicates, and developed higher pathogenicity [6].

The SARS-CoV-2 furin/PC cleavage site contains a single core region **SPRRAR** | **SV** (eight amino acids, P6–P2'). The core region is very unique, as its P2 or P3 position is a positively charged residue (Arg), and another residue is hydrophobic (Ala). These factors allow this site to be cleaved by furin or furin-like PC and the cleavage efficiency to be facilitated by other serine proteases targeting dibasic amino acid sites such as matriptase, plasmin, human airway trypsin (HAT), and TMPRSS2. Furthermore, a serine at P6 could also highly increase the cleavage efficiency, causing increased viral replication, unrestricted organ tropism, virulence, and mortality rate as proven in H5N1 infection in mice [7].

The importance of screening inhibitors of SARS-CoV-2 S1/S2 site targeted cleavage PC or facilitating proteases is emphasized by the fact that PC-based SARS-CoV-2 S1/S2 cleavage increases SARS-CoV-2 entry into cells and replication, eventually developing higher pathogenicity of COVID-19. Thus, such inhibitor screening would help to create effective drugs for COVID-19 therapy by blocking SARS-CoV-2 cleavage at S1/S2 boundary site.

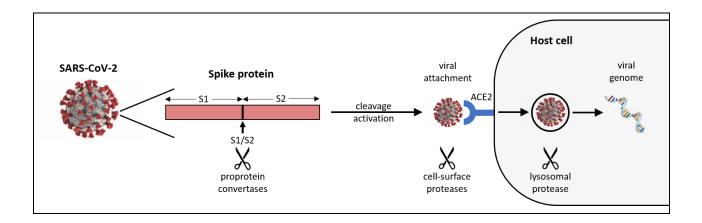


Fig 1. SARS-CoV-2 spike protein cleavage by proprotein convertases and other proteases during entry into cells.

There are no/few methods available for screening inhibitors of SARS-CoV-2 S1/S2 site targeted cleavage PCs or related proteases. To address this issue, EpigenTek developed the CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit. The kit has the following advantages and features:

- Fast: Colorimetric assay with easy-to-follow steps for convenience and speed. The entire procedure
 can be finished within 2 hours.
- Robust: Innovative kit composition enables background signals to be extremely low and allows the
 assay to be simple, accurate, reliable, and consistent.
- Sensitive: The activity can be detected from as low as 2 ng of PC (ex: furin) or facilitated serine protease (ex: HAT).
- Specific: The substrate contains the entire SARS-CoV-2 S1/S2 cleavage sequence and is proven to
 be the same as real spike protein with tertiary structure in PC cleavage tests. Thus, the assay is
 uniquely specific for detecting SARS-CoV-2 S1/S2 cleavage and is suitable for measuring inhibitory
 effects of various inhibitors against SARS-CoV-2-targeted cleavage PCs, including small molecule
 chemicals, therapeutic peptide, or other biological inhibitors.
- Flexible: Strip-well microplate format makes the assay flexible for manual or high throughput analysis.

Reference:

- 1. Andersen KG et al: Nat Med. 26: 450-452, 2020.
- 2. Coutard B. et al: Antiviral Research, 176, 2020.
- 3. Shang J et al: Proc Natl Acad Sci. 117: 11727-11734, 2020.
- 4. Hoffmann M et al: Mol Cell, 78:779-784, 2020.
- 5. Hoffmann M et al: Cell. 181:271-280, 2020.
- 6. Decha P. et al: Biophys J. 95: 128-134, 2008.
- 7. Zhang Y et al: <u>J Virol</u>. 86: 6924–6931, 2012.



PRINCIPLE & PROCEDURE

The CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit contains all reagents necessary for screening various inhibitors against SARS-CoV-2-targeted cleavage PCs and facilitating proteases. In this assay, a SARS-CoV-2 specific substrate is tagged with polyhistidine at the N-terminal and biotin at the C-terminal and bound onto microplate wells through histidine/Ni-NTA at its N-terminal. The cleavage of the substrate at S1/S2 site will remove the S2 part (C-terminal) of the substrate after washing, which causes the decrease in signal generated by avidin/biotin binding after adding Cleavage Detection Solution (CDS). The inhibition of the cleavage by inhibitors will block the reduction of the signals. The signal intensity is measured through an ELISA-like reaction by reading the absorbance in a microplate spectrophotometer at a wavelength of 450 nm. The more the substrate is cleaved, the lower the signal that will be generated. Thus, the PC cleavage activity is inversely proportional to the signal intensity.

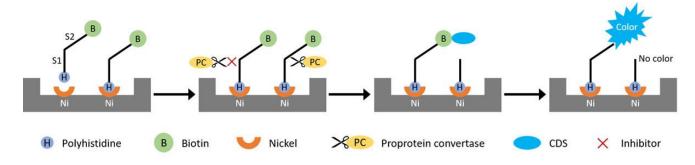


Fig 2. Schematic procedure of the CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit.

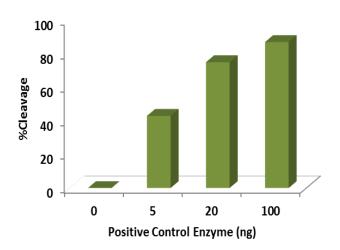


Fig 3. Illustrated dose-response of Positive Control Enzyme cleavage activity assayed with the CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit.

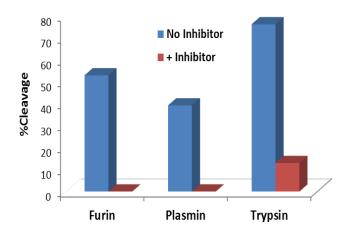


Fig 4. SARS-CoV-2-targeted protease cleavage activity and inhibition detected using the CoviDrop[™] SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit. Concentration (ng/well): Furin: 10 ng; Plasmin: 50 ng; Trypsin: 50 ng; Protease Inhibitor: 500 ng.



ASSAY PROTOCOL

1. Buffer Solution & Preparation

a. Prepare Diluted WB (1X Wash Buffer):

48-Assay Kit: Add 13 ml of WB (10X Wash Buffer) to 117 ml of distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2-7.5.

96-Assay Kit: Add 26 ml of WB (10X Wash Buffer) to 234 ml of distilled water and adjust pH to 7.2-7.5.

This **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) can now be stored at 4°C for up to six months.

b. Prepare Working CS (Cleavage Substrate) solution:

Dilute **CS** (Cleavage Substrate) with **SBS** (Substrate Binding Solution) at 1: 50 ratio (ex: $10 \mu l$ of CS + $490 \mu l$ of SBS). $50 \mu l$ of the **Working CS** (Cleavage Substrate) solution will be required for each assay well. The final concentration is $50 \mu l$ ng/well.

c. Prepare **Diluted CDS** (Cleavage Detection Solution):

Dilute **CDS** (Cleavage Detection Solution) with **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) at a ratio of 1:2000 (i.e., add 1 µl of **CDS** to 2000 µl of **Diluted WB**). About 50 µl of this **Diluted CDS** will be required for each assay well.

d. Prepare Working PCE or Working Protease Solution:

Working PCE: Add 1 µl of PCE (Protease control Enzyme) to each 49 µl of PAB (PC assay buffer).

Working Protease Solution: Dilute protease of interest with **PAB** (PC Assay Buffer) to the desired concentration.

 $50 \,\mu l$ of working PCE or Working Protease Solution are required per sample well. Original solvent of the protease should be < 10% of the Working Protease Solution.

Note: (1) The final working substrate concentration may be adjusted according to the requirement or design of the user's experiments. (2) Keep each of diluted solutions except **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) on ice until use. Any remaining diluted solutions other than **Diluted WB** should be discarded if not used within the same day.

The anticipated approximate volumes of reagents needed are reflected below for this assay.

Table 1. Approximate amount of required buffers and solutions for defined assay wells, based on the protocol.

D-1006



Reagents	16 wells (2 strips)	48 wells (6 strips)	96 wells (12 strips)
Diluted WB (1X Wash Buffer)	25 ml	75 ml	150 ml
PAB (PC Assay Buffer)	1.5 ml	5 ml	10 ml
Working CS (Cleavage Substrate)	1 ml	3 ml	6 ml
PCE (Positive Control Enzyme)	1 µl	2 μΙ	2-4 µl
Diluted CDS (Cleavage Detection Solution)	1 ml	3 ml	6 ml
DS (Developer Solution)	1.6 ml	5 ml	10 ml
SS (Stop Solution)	1.6 ml	5 ml	10 ml

2. Substrate Binding

a. Review the configuration of the suggested strip-well plate setup in table 2.

Table 2. The suggested strip-well plate setup for the inhibitor screening in a 48-assay format (in a 96-assay format, Strips 7 to 12 can be configured as Sample). The controls and samples can be measured in duplicates.

Well#	Strip 1	Strip 2	Strip 3	Strip 4	Strip 5	Strip 6
Α	Blank	Blank	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
В	PCE	PCE	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
С	NEC	NEC	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
D	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
E	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
F	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
G	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample
Н	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample	Sample

- b. Predetermine the number of strip wells required for your experiment. It is advised to run replicate samples (include blank and positive control) to ensure that the signal generated is validated. Carefully remove un-needed strip wells from the plate frame and place them back in the bag (seal the bag tightly and store at 4°C).
- c. Add 50 µl of **Working CS** (Cleavage Substrate) into each well except blank wells. Incubate at room temperature for 45 min.
- d. Remove the substrate solution from each well. Wash each well two times with 150 μl of **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) each time. This can be done by simply pipetting **Diluted WB** in and out of the wells.

3. Cleavage and Inhibition Reaction

Add 50 μ I of **Working Protease Solution** in a 0.2 ml PCR tube followed by adding 5.5 μ I of inhibitors and incubate at 37°C for 10 min. After 10 min incubation:

a. Blank Wells: Add 50 µl of PAB (PC Assay Buffer) per well.



- b. No-Enzyme Control (NEC) Wells: Add 50 µl of PAB (PC Assay Buffer) per well
- c. Positive Control Enzyme Wells: add 50 µl of the Working PCE per well.
- d. Sample Wells Without Inhibitor: Add 50 µl of Working Protease Solution per well.
- e. <u>Sample Wells With Inhibitor</u>: Add 50 μl of **Working Protease** Solution incubated already for 10 min with inhibitors per well.
- f. Tightly cover the strip-well microplate with Parafilm M or aluminium foil to avoid evaporation, and incubate at room temperature for 10 min.
 - **Note:** (1) Follow suggested well setup diagrams; (2) The concentration of inhibitors to be added into the sample wells can be varied. However, the final concentration of the inhibitors before adding to the wells should be prepared with **PAB** (Assay Buffer), at a 1:10 ratio (e.g., add 0.5 µl of inhibitor to 4.5 µl of **PAB**), so that the original solvent of the inhibitor can be reduced to 1% of the reaction solution or less.
- g. Tightly cover the strip-well microplate again with Parafilm M or aluminium foil to avoid evaporation, and incubate at 37°C for 25 min.
- h. Remove the reaction solution from each well. Wash each well two times with 150 μl of **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) each time.

4. Cleavage Inhibition Detection

- a. Add 50 μ I of the **Diluted CDS** (Cleavage Detection Solution) to each well, then carefully cover with Parafilm M or aluminium foil and incubate at room temperature for 20 min.
- b. Remove the **Diluted CDS** (Cleavage Detection Solution) from each well.
- c. Wash each well with 150 μ I of the **Diluted WB** (1X Wash Buffer) each time for five times.

Note: Ensure any residual wash buffer in the wells is thoroughly removed as much as possible at each wash step.

- d. Add 100 μl of **DS** (Developer Solution) to each well and incubate at room temperature for 2 min away from direct light. Monitor color change in the sample wells and control wells. The **DS** solution will turn blue in the presence of sufficient un-cleaved substrate.
- e. Add 100 μl of **SS** (Stop Solution) to each well to stop enzyme reaction when the color in the positive control wells turns medium blue. Mix the solution by gently shaking the frame and wait 2 min to allow the color reaction to be completely stopped. The color will change to yellow after adding **SS** and absorbance should be read on a microplate reader within 2 to 10 min at 450 nm with an optional reference wavelength of 655 nm.

Note: (1) Most microplate readers have the capability to carry out dual wavelength analysis and will automatically subtract the reference wavelength absorbance from the test wavelength absorbance. If your plate reader does not have this capability, the plate can be read twice – once at 450 nm and once at 655 nm. Then manualy subtract the 655 nm ODs from 450 nm ODs; (2) If the stripwell microplate frame does not fit in the microplate reader, transfer the solution to a standard 96-well microplate.



5. Cleavage Inhibition Calculation

- a. Calculate the average duplicate readings for sample wells and blank wells.
- b. Calculate cleavage activity of PCs or proteases using the following formula:

Enzyme activity (OD/min/
$$\mu$$
g) =
$$\frac{[OD (NEC - blank) - OD (sample - blank)]}{Protein Amount (ng)/1000* x min **}$$

c. Calculate cleavage activity inhibition using the following formula:

Note: OD for inhibitor sample may be > OD for NEC and it should be considered as 100% inhibition. under this condition.

TROUBLESHOOTING

Problem	Possible Cause	Suggestion
No signal or weak signal in untreated sample wells	Reagents are added incorrectly.	Check if reagents are added in the proper order with the right amount and if any steps in the protocol may have been omitted by mistake.
	Incubation time and temperature are incorrect.	Ensure the incubation time and temperature described in the protocol are followed correctly.
	Incorrect absorbance reading.	Check if appropriate absorbance wavelength (450 nm filter) is used.
	Kit was not stored or handled properly.	Ensure all components of the kit were stored at the appropriate temperature and that the cap is tightly closed after each opening or use.
High background present in the blank wells	Insufficient washing of wells.	Check if washing recommendations at each step is performed according to the protocol.

^{*} Protein amount added into the reaction at Step 3g.

^{**} Incubation time at Step 3h (in minutes).



	Contaminated by sample or positive control.	Ensure the well is not contaminated from adding sample or positive control accidentally or from using contaminated tips.
	Over development of color.	Decrease the development time in Step 4d before adding SS (Stop Solution) in Step 4e.
Large variation between replicate wells	Color reaction is not evenly stopped due to an inconsistency in pipetting time.	Ensure DS Developer Solution and SS Stop Solution are added at the same time between replicates or otherwise maintain a consistent timing in between each addition of solutions.
	Color reaction is not evenly stopped due to an inconsistent order of adding solutions.	Ensure all solutions, particularly DS (Developer Solution) and SS (Stop Solution), are added in the same order each time as all other solutions.
	The solutions are not evenly added due to inconsistency in pipetting volume.	Ensure the solution in each pipette tip is equal in the multi-channel pipette. Equilibrate the pipette tip in any solution before use. Ensure the solutions, especially those with small volumes (e.g., 1 ul), are completely added into the wells.

RELATED PRODUCTS

SARS-CoV-2 Serological Detection

D-1001	SeroFlash [™] SARS-CoV-2 IgM/IgG Antibody Detection Kit
D-1002	SeroFlash™ SARS-CoV-2 IgM/IgG ELISA Fast Kit
D-1008	SeroFlash™ SARS-CoV-2 Neutralizing Antibody Assay Fast Kit

SARS-CoV-2 Spike-ACE2 Binding Assay

D-1004	CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Spike-ACE2 Binding Inhibitor Screening Fast Kit
D-1005	CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Spike-ACE2 Binding Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit
D-1007	CoviDrop™ SARS-CoV-2 Targeted Proprotein Convertase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit