

EpiQuik™ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K9)

Base Catalog # P-3003

PLEASE READ THIS ENTIRE USER GUIDE BEFORE USE

The *EpiQuik*™ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kits are very suitable for specifically measuring activity/inhibition of individual histone methyltransferase targeting to lysine residues at different sites.

Suitable lab coat, disposable gloves and eye protection are required when work with the kit.



KIT CONTENTS

Components	48 assays P-3003-1	96 assays P-3003-2
	r-3003-1	F-3003-2
HK1 (10X Wash Buffer)	11 ml	22 ml
HK2 (Histone Assay Buffer)	1.5 ml	3 ml
HK3 (Adomet)*	25μ l	50 <i>μ</i> Ι
HK4 (Biotinylated Substrate, 25 μg/ml)*	100 μ l	200μ l
HK5 (HMT Standard, 10 μg/ml)*	10 μ l	$20~\mu$ l
HK6 (Capture Antibody, 100 μg/ml)*	$25~\mu$ l	$50~\mu$ l
HK7 (Detection Antibody, 200 μg/ml)*	10 μ l	$20~\mu$ l
HK8 (Developing Solution)	6 ml	12 ml
HK9 (Stop Solution)	3 ml	6 ml
Control Enzyme (300 μ g/ml)*	5 μ l	10 <i>μ</i> Ι
8-Well Assay Strips (with frame)	6	12

^{*} For maximum recovery of the products, centrifuge the original vial after thawing prior to opening the cap.

SHIPPING & STORAGE

The kit is shipped in two parts: one part at ambient room temperature, and the second part on frozen ice packs at 4°C.

Upon receipt: (1) Store **HK3**, **HK4**, **HK5**, **HK7**, and the **Control Enzyme** at –20°C away from light; (2) Store **HK9** at room temperature away from light; (3) Store **all other components** at 4°C away from light. The kit is stable for up to 6 months from the shipment date, when stored properly.

Note: Check if wash buffer, **HK1**, contains salt precipitates before using. If so, warm (at room temperature or 37°C) and shake the buffer until the salts are re-dissolved.

MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

Orbital shaker
Pipettes and pipette tips
Microplate reader
1.5 ml microcentrifuge tubes
Distilled water

GENERAL PRODUCT INFORMATION

Quality Control: EpigenTek guarantees the performance of all products in the manner described in our product instructions.



Product Updates: EpigenTek reserves the right to change or modify any product to enhance its performance and design. The information in this User Guide is subject to change at any time without notice. Be sure to use the latest User Guide for this kit which can be accessed online at www.epigentek.com/datasheet.

Usage Limitation: The *EpiQuik*[™] Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kits are for research use only and are not intended for diagnostic or therapeutic application.

Intellectual Property: The $EpiQuik^{\mathsf{TM}}$ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kits and methods of use contain proprietary technologies by EpigenTek. $EpiQuik^{\mathsf{TM}}$ is a trademark of EpigenTek Group Inc.

A BRIEF OVERVIEW

Epigenetic inactivation of genes plays a critical role in many important human diseases, especially in cancer. A major mechanism for epigenetic inactivation of the genes is methylation of CpG islands in genome DNA caused by DNA methyltransferases. Histone methyltransferases (HMTs) control or regulate DNA methylation through chromatin-dependent transcription repression or activation. HMTs transfer 1-3 methyl groups from S-adenosyl-L-methionine to the lysine and arginine residues of histone proteins. Inhibition of HMTs may lead to expression of the silenced genes and HMT inhibitors are currently developed for various therapeutic or experimental applications. ESET, G9a, SUV39-h1, SUV39-h2, SETDB1, Dim-5, and Eu-HMTase are histone methyltransferases that catalyze methylation of histone H3 at lysine 9 (H3-K9) in mammalian cells. H3-K9 methylation mediates heterochromatin formation by forming a binding site for HP1 and also participates in silencing gene expression at euchromatic sites. There is only the radioisotopic method currently available for measuring HMT activity/inhibition, which is time consuming, laborintensive, and has low throughput or produces radioactive waste. The *EpiQuik*™ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K9) addresses these problems by using a unique procedure to measure HMT activity/inhibition. The kit has the following features:

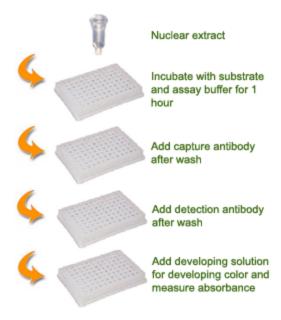
- Quick and efficient procedure, which can be finished within 3 hours.
- Innovative colorimetric assay without the need for radioactivity, electrophoresis, or chromatography.
- Specific measurement of activity/inhibition of H3-K9 histone methyltransferases.
- Strip microplate format makes the assay flexible: manual or high throughput analysis.
- Simple, reliable, and consistent assay conditions.

PRINCIPLE & PROCEDURE

The $EpiQuik^{\intercal}$ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K9) is designed for measuring HMTs that specifically target histone H3 at lysine 9. In an assay with this kit, the histone substrate is stably captured on the strip wells. HMT enzymes transfer a methyl group to histone H3 substrate from Adomet to methylate the substrate at lysine 9. The methylated histone H3-K9 can be recognized with a high-affinity antibody. The ratio or amount of methylated H3-K9, which is



directly proportional to enzyme activity, can be quantified through HRP conjugated secondary antibody-color development system. The HMT activity is then calculated based on the amount of methylated H3-K9 converted by the HMTs.



Schematic Procedure for Using the EpiQuik™ Histone Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K9)

PROTOCOL

- 1. Prepare nuclear extracts by using your own successful method. For your convenience and the best results, EpigenTek offers a nuclear extraction kit (Cat. No. OP-0002-1) optimized for use with the EpiQuik™ series. Nuclear extracts can be used immediately or stored at −80°C for future use.
- Determine the number of strip wells required. Leave these strips in the plate frame (remaining unused strips can be placed back in the bag. Seal the bag tightly and store at 4°C). Dilute HK110X Wash Buffer with distilled water (pH 7.2-7.5) at a 1:10 ratio (ex: 1 ml of HK1 + 9 ml of distilled water).
- 3. Dilute **HK3** with **HK2** (at a 1:5 ratio). Add 24 μ l of **HK2**, 1.5 μ l of the **diluted HK3** and 2 μ l of **HK4** to each strip well. Then add 3 μ l of nuclear extracts (4-20 μ g) or HMT enzymes, mix and cover the strip wells with Parafilm M and incubate at 37°C for 60-90 minutes. For HMT inhibition, add 3 μ l of tested inhibitors at different concentrations and reduce **HK2** volume to 21 μ l. For the blank, add 3 μ l of **HK2** instead of nuclear extracts. For the standard curve, add 3 μ l of **HK2** instead of nuclear extracts, and add 2 μ l of **HK5** at different concentrations (e.g., 0.1, 0.2, 0.5, 1.0, 2.0, and 5.0 ng/ μ l) instead of **HK4**. A positive control can be optionally set up by adding 0.5-1 μ l of **Control Enzyme** and 2 μ l of **HK2** instead of nuclear extracts.
- 4. Aspirate and wash each well with 150 μ l of **diluted HK1** three times.
- 5. Dilute **HK6** (at a 1:100 ratio) to 1 μ g/ml with **diluted HK1**. Add 50 μ l of the **diluted HK6** to each strip well and incubate at room temperature for 60 minutes on an orbital shaker (50-100 rpm).
- 6. Aspirate and wash each well with 150 μ l of **diluted HK1** five times.



- 7. Dilute **HK7** (at a 1:1000 ratio) with the **diluted HK1**. Add 50 μ l of the **diluted HK7** to each strip well and incubate at room temperature for 30 minutes.
- 8. Aspirate and wash each well with 150 μ l of **diluted HK1** five times.
- 9. Add 100 μ l of **HK8** into the wells and incubate at room temperature for 2-10 minutes away from light. Monitor the color development in the sample and standard wells (blue).
- 10. Add 50 μ l of **HK9** to each well to stop enzyme reaction when the color in the standard wells containing the higher concentrations of standard control turns medium blue. The color should change to yellow and absorbance can be read on a microplate reader at 450 nm within 2-15 minutes.
- 11. Calculate HMT activity or inhibition. For simple calculation use the following formula:

Activity (OD/h/mg) =
$$\frac{OD \text{ (No inhibitor - blank)}}{Protein amount (μg)* x hour**$$

- * Protein amount added into the reaction at step 3.
- ** Incubation time at step 3.

Inhibition % =
$$(1 - \frac{OD \text{ (inhibitor sample - blank)}}{OD \text{ (no inhibitor control - blank)}}) \times 100\%$$

For accurate calculation, plot OD value versus the amount of **HK5** and determine the slope as delta OD/ng.

Calculate HMT activity using the following formula:

Activity (ng/h/mg) =
$$\frac{OD \text{ (sample - blank)}}{Protein \text{ amount (μg) x hour x slope}}$$
) x 1000

TROUBLESHOOTING

No Signal for Both the Positive Control and the Samples

Reagents are added incorrectly. Check if reagents are added in the proper order

and if any steps of the procedure may have been

omitted by mistake.

Incubation time and Ensure the incubation time and temperature temperature is incorrect. Ensure the incubation time and temperature described in the protocol are followed correctly.

No Signal or Very Weak Signal for Only the Positive Control

The positive control enzyme is
insufficiently added to the well.

Ensure a sufficient amount of control enzyme is added.



The positive control enzyme has lost activity due to incorrect storage.

Follow the guidance in the protocol for storage of the positive control.

No Signal for Only the Sample

The protein sample is not extracted properly.

Ensure the nuclear protein extraction protocol is suitable for HMT protein extraction. Sodium chloride concentration of the extraction buffer should not be more than 100 mM.

The protein amount is added into well insufficiently.

Ensure extract contains a sufficient amount of protein.

The sample is not prepared from fresh cells or tissues.

The nuclear extracts from frozen cells or tissues significantly lose enzyme activity. Fresh samples should be used.

Nuclear extracts are stored incorrectly or have stored for a long period.

Ensure the nuclear extracts are stored at -80°C for no more than 6 weeks.

Absence of HMT activity in the sample due to treatment.

N/A.

High Background Present for the Blank

The well is not washed sufficiently.

Check if wash at each step is performed according to the protocol.

Contaminated by the positive control or HMT standard.

Ensure the well is not contaminated from adding the control enzyme or HMT standard accidentally or by using enzyme or HMT standard

contaminated tips.

Overdevelopment.

Decrease development time in step 9 of "target protein level detection."

RELATED PRODUCTS

P-3001	EpiQuik™ DNA Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit
P-3002	EpiQuik™ DNA Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K4)
P-3005	EpiQuik™ DNA Methyltransferase Activity/Inhibition Assay Kit (H3-K27)